TOPPAN

CSR Report 2012: Detailed Data

Editorial Policy for this CSR Report 2012: Detailed Data

This PDF discloses detailed data not presented in the Toppan CSR Report 2012.

The CSR report is edited in line with the seven core subjects set under ISO 26000, a guidance standard on social responsibility. In this *Detailed Data*, Toppan also uses the core subjects as its main titles.

Scope and Boundary of this PDF

The data on Labor Practices covers Toppan Printing Co., Ltd. only. The scope of the environmental performance data is presented in the table below, which shows indicators assured by an independent assurance provider.

Reliability

KPMG AZSA Sustainability Co., Ltd. provides independent assurance for this PDF, along with the *Toppan CSR Report 2012*. The following presents the environmental performance indicators in this *Detailed Data* assured by the independent assurance provider.

Environmental Performance Indicators Assured by an Independent Assurance Provider Scope of the Environmental Performance Data

(1) Toppan Printing Co., Ltd. ("the Company")

() Toppan Printing Co., Ltd. (the Company)

(2) 20 domestic manufacturing subsidiaries within the scope of the Company's environmental targets

③ 20 domestic subsidiaries outside the scope of the Company's environmental targets

④ 28 overseas subsidiaries

| Pages | Category Data | | Indicator Assured by an Independent | Companies | Scope | |
|---------|---|--|--|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| | | | | Assurance Provider | | |
| PP. 2–3 | | | INPUT/OUTPUT Data by Business Field for Domestic Sites (within the scope of the environmental targets) | 1 | 21 | 1, 2 |
| | Top Bur | pan's Environmental den | INPUT/OUTPUT Data by Business Field for Domestic Sites (outside the scope of the environmental targets) | 1 | 20 | 3 |
| | | | INPUT/OUTPUT Data by Business Field for Overseas Sites (outside the scope of the environmental targets) | 1 | 28 | 4 |
| | | | ISO 14001 Certificates Obtained at Toppan Printing Co., Ltd. and Manufacturing Subsidiaries (within the scope of the environmental targets) | _ | 21 | 1,2 |
| P. 4 | Env Acti | ironmental Management vities | ISO 14001 Certificates Obtained at Domestic Subsidiaries (outside the scope of the environmental targets) | _ | 20 | 3 |
| | / outride | | ISO 14001 Certificates Obtained at Overseas Subsidiaries (outside the scope of the environmental targets) | _ | 28 | (4) |
| P. 5 | | | Mitigation of Global Warming through the Development of Energy-saving Measures | _ | 21 | 1,2 |
| | | Mitigating Global Warming | Ratios by Energy Type (in terms of caloric value) | 1 | 21 | 1,2 |
| | | | Electricity Consumption | 1 | 21 | 1,2 |
| | Eco | | Natural Gas Consumption | 1 | 21 | 1,2 |
| | -prote | | Fuel Efficiency of Company-owned Vehicles | 1 | 1 | Toppan Logistics Co., Ltd. |
| De | ctio | Fuel Efficiency of Company-owned Vehicles Image: Company-owned Vehicles Building a Recycling- Promotion of Waste Reduction and Recycling — | | — | 21 | 1,2 |
| F. U | n Ac | oriented Society | Zero-emission Sites (TZERO-11) | — | 21 | 1), 2 |
| | tivit | Preventing Pollution / Controlling Chemical | PRTR Results | 1 | 21 | 1), 2 |
| | ies | | Ratios of Greenhouse Gas Emissions by Type (in tons of CO2 equivalent) | 1 | 21 | 1), 2 |
| P. 7 | | Substances | Ratios of Greenhouse Gas Emissions by Source (in tons of CO ₂ equivalent) | 1 | 21 | 1,2 |
| | Promoting the Conservation of ECO-GREEN Purchasing*1 Biodiversity | | ECO-GREEN Purchasing*1 | 1 | 21 | 1), 2 |
| P. 8 | Eco | -creativity Activities | List of Environmentally Friendly Products*1 | — | 21 | 1), 2 |
| | - Frank | ironmontal Accounting | Capital Investment for Environmental Conservation | 1 | 61 | _ |
| | | Ironmental Accounting | Environmental Conservation Benefit | 1 | 69 | 1-4 |
| P. 9 | | | Green Procurement Standards for Paper and Levels of Fulfillment | 1 | 12 suppliers | _ |
| | Gre Gre | en Procurement and en Purchasing | Green Procurement Standards for Ink and Levels of Fulfillment | 1 | 4 suppliers | _ |
| | | | In-house Green Purchasing Standards and Levels of Fulfillment*1 | 1 | 21 | 1,2 |

*1 Covers operational site data that make up significant portions of the totals.

Contact Information

CSR Promotion Department, Legal Affairs Division, Toppan Printing Co., Ltd. (Tokyo, Japan) Email: csr@toppan.co.jp

Labor Practices

Results in Human Asset Development

| | Funds Spent on Training, | Usage Rates of Toppar Training Centers*2 | |
|-------------|--------------------------|---|----------|
| | etc. per Employee*' | Kawaguchi | Yugawara |
| Fiscal 2009 | 41,789 yen | 49.9% | - |
| Fiscal 2010 | 35,471 yen | 54.8% | _ |
| Fiscal 2011 | 66,787 yen | 55.2% | 43.4% |

*1 In fiscal 2011, Toppan established a new training center in Yugawara, Kanagawa Prefecture and renovated its existing training center in Kawaguchi, Saitama Prefecture.

*2 Number of days the training centers were used in a year (including use by subsidiaries and affiliated companies).

Retention Rates for Recruits (Percentage of fiscal 2009 hires still working at Toppan)

| | Male | Female | |
|---|------|--------|--|
| Hired on April 1, 2009 | 291 | 121 | |
| Still with Toppan as of April 1, 2012 | 271 | 110 | |
| Retention rate | 93% | 91% | |
| Average for males and females | 92% | | |
| Percentage who leave the Company before working three years | 8% | | |

The Environment

Toppan's Environmental Burden*3

INPUT/OUTPUT Data by Business Field for Domestic Sites (within the scope of the environmental targets)

| | Category | Chief Component | Information & Networks | Living Environment | Electronics | Non-production Sites | Total | |
|---------|------------------------|---|---------------------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|--|
| | | Total input (tons) | 865,309 | 543,146 | 37,264 | — | 1,445,719 | |
| | | Papers (tons) | 844,999 | 341,161 | 241 | _ | 1,186,401 | |
| | Marta 141 | Plastic (tons) | 2,740 | 135,674 | 4,099 | _ | 142,513 | |
| INPUT | Material | Glass (tons) | 6 | 13 | 9,496 | _ | 9,515 | |
| | | Ink, solvent (tons) | 15,662 | 57,678 | 2,793 | _ | Iotal – 1,445,719 – 1,186,401 – 1,186,401 – 142,513 – 9,515 – 76,133 – 31,157 667 15,896 113 3,932 554 11,964 416 13,975 25 1,069 378 1,464 0 11,427 13 15 0 5,491 5 7,203 27,129 694,983 0 27,306 0 27,306 0 27,306 0 27,306 0 27,306 0 27,306 0 12 1 340 – 4,885 388 12,583 0 10,500 388 2,083 0 53,631 0 10,252 < | |
| | | Other (tons) | 1,902 | 8,620 | 20,635 | - | 31,157 | |
| | | Total energy consumption (1,000 GJ) | 4,044 | 5,337 | 5,848 | 667 | 15,896 | |
| z | Energy | Primary energy [fuel] (1,000 GJ) | 1,466 | 1,566 | 787 | 113 | 3,932 | |
| PUT | | Secondary energy [electricity, steam] (1,000 GJ) | 2,578 | 3,771 | 5,061 | 554 | 11,964 | |
| | | Water consumption (1,000 m ³) | 1,002 | 1,795 | 10,762 | 416 | 13,975 | |
| | | Industrial water (1,000 m ³) | 352 | 448 | Ante Sites 3,146 37,264 1,161 241 5,674 4,099 13 9,496 7,678 2,793 8,620 20,635 5,337 5,848 667 1,566 787 113 3,771 5,061 554 1,795 10,762 416 448 244 225 644 54 378 703 10,464 0 0 0 13 19 5,466 0 2,827 3,416 5 5,493 237,692 27,129 8 0 0 8 0 0 8 0 0 2,827 3,416 5 5,493 237,692 27,129 8 0 0 2,827 12,731 0 <td>1,069</td> | 1,069 | | |
| | Watar | Municipal water (1,000 m ³) | 388 | 644 | 54 | 378 | 1,464 | |
| | water | Groundwater (1,000 m ³) | 260 | 703 | 10,464 | 54 378 1,462 64 0 11,427 0 13 15 66 0 5,491 16 5 7,203 92 27,129 694,983 | | |
| | | Rainwater used (1,000 m ³) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 15 | |
| | | Use of water circulated on premises (1,000 m ³) | 6 | 19 | 5,466 | 0 | 5,491 | |
| | Chemical substances | Handling of chemical substances designated under the PRTR law (tons) | 955 | 2,827 | 3,416 | 5 | 7,203 | |
| | | CO ₂ emission (t-CO ₂) | 174,669 | 255,493 | 237,692 | 27,129 | 694,983 | |
| | | Emission of ozone-depleting substances (ODP-kg) | 0 | 88 | 0 | 0 | 378 1,464 0 11,427 13 15 0 5,491 5 7,203 27,129 694,983 0 88 1,274 127,159 0 27,306 0 12 1 340 - 4,885 | |
| | | NOx emission (kg) | 17,378 | 88,681 | 19,826 | 1,274 | | |
| | Atmosphere | SOx emission (kg) | 18 | 14,557 | 12,731 | 0 | 27,306 | |
| | | Emission of dioxins (mg-TEQ) | 4 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 12 | |
| | | Release of chemical substances designated under the PRTR law (tons) | 56 | 267 | 14,557 12,731 0 8 0 0 267 16 1 4,086 96 — | 340 | | |
| | | VOC emission into the atmosphere*4 | 703 | 4,086 | 96 | - | 4,885 | |
| \circ | | Total effluent discharge (1,000 m ³) | 685 | 1,377 | 10,133 | 388 | ,274 127,159 0 27,306 0 12 1 340 - 4,885 388 12,583 0 10,500 388 2,083 | |
| Ĕ | | Public water system (1,000 m ³) | 11 | 916 | 9,573 | - 76,133 - 31,157 667 15,896 113 3,932 554 11,964 416 13,975 25 1,069 378 1,464 0 11,427 13 15 0 5,491 5 7,203 27,129 694,983 0 88 1,274 127,159 0 27,306 0 12 1 340 - 4,885 388 12,583 0 10,500 388 2,083 0 53,631 0 10,252 0 25,566 0 1,424 0.0 0.7 3,456 266,686 3,155 266,086 | | |
| PUT | | Sewage system (1,000 m ³) | 674 | 461 | 448 244 25 1,069 644 54 378 1,464 703 10,464 0 11,427 0 0 13 15 19 5,466 0 5,491 2,827 3,416 5 7,203 255,493 237,692 27,129 694,983 88 0 0 88 88,681 19,826 1,274 127,159 14,557 12,731 0 27,306 8 0 0 12 267 16 1 340 4,086 96 - 4,885 1,377 10,133 388 12,583 916 9,573 0 10,500 461 560 388 2,083 3,301 50,319 0 53,631 1,985 8,267 0 10,252 9,223 16,343 0 25,566 875 | | | |
| | Water and soil | BOD (kg) | 11 | 3,301 | 50,319 | 0 | 53,631 | |
| | environments | COD (kg) | 0 | 1,985 | 8,267 | 0 | 10,252 | |
| | | Nitrogen discharge (kg) | 0 | 9,223 | 16,343 | 0 | 25,566 | |
| | | Phosphorous discharge (kg) | 0 | 875 | 549 | 0 | 1,424 | |
| | | Release of chemical substances designated under the PRTR law (tons) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.7 | |
| | | Total discharge (tons) | 134,060 | 101,522 | 28,612 | 3,456 | 267,650 | |
| | Waste | Recycled (tons) | 133,775 | 100,632 | 28,524 | 3,155 | 266,086 | |
| | | Final landfill waste disposal (tons) | 25 | 530 | 24 | 54 | 633 | |

*3 Energy consumption associated with fuel consumption is calculated using the conversion factor specified in the year 2000 amendment of the Act on the Rational Use of Energy of Japan. The primary energy input associated with electricity consumption is calculated uniformly as 0.00983 GJ/kWh. CO₂ emissions are calculated by the method specified in the Guidelines for Calculating Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Businesses (2003) from the Ministry of the Environment of Japan. CO₂ emissions associated with electricity consumption are calculated uniformly as 0.378 t-CO₂/MWh. CO₂ emissions associated with electricity consumption are calculated uniformly as 0.378 t-CO₂/MWh. CO₂ emissions associated with electricity consumption are calculated uniformly as 0.378 t-CO₂/MWh. CO₂ emissions associated with electricity consumption at overseas sites, however, are calculated based on the CO₂ emission conversion factors (applied to specific countries for 2000) published by the Greenhouse Gas Protocol Initiative. The total discharge of waste includes industrial waste of no value and materials of value sold or transferred as resources (both generated in association with business activities).

*4 Emissions into the atmosphere are calculated in conformance with the standards established by the Japan Federation of Printing Industries (JFPI) and the Japan Electronics and Information Technology Industries Association (JEITA).

| | Category | Chief Component | Information & Networks | Living Environment | Electronics | Non-production Sites | Total |
|--------|---|---|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------------------|---------|
| | | Total input (tons) | 471,505 | 38,550 | 1,114 | _ | 511,169 |
| | | Papers (tons) | 459,093 | 6,185 | 25 | _ | 465,303 |
| | Matavial | Plastic (tons) | 2,192 | 31,098 | 234 | _ | 33,524 |
| INPUT | waterial | Glass (tons) | 1 | 1 | 217 | _ | 219 |
| | | Ink, solvent (tons) | 6,458 | 1,035 | 33 | _ | 7,526 |
| | | Other (tons) | 3,761 | 231 | 605 | - | 4,597 |
| | | Total energy consumption (1,000 GJ) | 2,308 | 751 | 499 | 0 | 3,558 |
| Z | Energy | Primary energy [fuel] (1,000 GJ) | 226 | 83 | 69 | 0 | 378 |
| PUT | | Secondary energy [electricity, steam] (1,000 GJ) | 2,082 | 668 | 430 | 0 | 3,180 |
| | | Water consumption (1,000 m ³) | 1,424 | 89 | 937 | 0 | 2,450 |
| | | Industrial water (1,000 m ³) | 64 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64 |
| | Watar | Municipal water (1,000 m ³) | 248 | 89 | 17 | 0 | 354 |
| | water | Groundwater (1,000 m ³) | 1,102 | 0 | 920 | 0 | 2,022 |
| | | Rainwater used (1,000 m ³) | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| | | Use of water circulated on premises (1,000 m ³) | 0 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 22 |
| | Chemical substances | Handling of chemical substances designated under the PRTR law (tons) | 0 | 51 | 82 | 0 | 133 |
| | | CO ₂ emission (t-CO ₂) | 92,342 | 30,021 | 21,302 | 0 | 143,665 |
| | | Emission of ozone-depleting substances (ODP-kg) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | NOx emission (kg) | 23,512 | 540 | 3,603 | 0 | 27,655 |
| | Atmosphere | SOx emission (kg) | 14 | 0 | 2,161 | 0 | 2,175 |
| | | Emission of dioxins (mg-TEQ) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | Release of chemical substances designated under the PRTR law (tons) | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| | | VOC emission into the atmosphere (tons) | 422 | 819 | 4 | 0 | 1,245 |
| \sim | | Total effluent discharge (1,000 m ³) | 1,023 | 63 | 822 | 0 | 1,908 |
| Ĕ | Release of chemic the PRTR law (ton VOC emission into Total effluent disch Public water sys | Public water system (1,000 m ³) | 787 | 38 | 819 | 0 | 1,644 |
| PUT | | Sewage system (1,000 m ³) | 236 | 25 | 3 | 0 | 264 |
| | Water and soil | BOD (kg) | 575 | 111 | 4,998 | 0 | 5,684 |
| | environments | COD (kg) | 1,634 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,634 |
| | | Nitrogen discharge (kg) | 407 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 407 |
| | | Phosphorous discharge (kg) | 51 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 51 |
| | | Release of chemical substances designated under the PRTR law (kg) | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| | | Total discharge (tons) | 120,234 | 11,646 | 1,448 | 0 | 133,328 |
| | Waste | Recycled (tons) | 118,232 | 11,198 | 1,198 | 0 | 130,628 |
| | | Final landfill waste disposal (tons) | 164 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 179 |

INPUT/OUTPUT Data by Business Field for Domestic Sites (outside the scope of the environmental targets)

INPUT/OUTPUT Data by Business Field for Overseas Sites (outside the scope of the environmental targets)

| | Category | Chief Component | Information & Networks | Living Environment | Electronics | Non-production Sites | Total | |
|-----|--------------------------------|--|---|-----------------------|-------------|-------------------------|---|---------|
| | | Total energy consumption (1,000 GJ) | 1,435 | 715 | 2,882 | - | 5,032 | |
| | Energy | Primary energy [fuel] (1,000 GJ) | 210 | 298 | 113 | _ | 621 | |
| = | | Secondary energy [electricity, steam] (1,000 GJ) | 1,225 | 417 | 2,769 | — | 4,411 | |
| ٩PU | | Water consumption (1,000 m ³) | 1,356 | 134 | 2,120 | — | 3,610 | |
| Л | Wator | Municipal water (1,000 m ³) | 1,220 | 84 | 2,050 | — | 3,354 | |
| | Water | Groundwater (1,000 m ³) | 136 | 50 | 70 | — | 256 | |
| | | Rainwater (1,000 m ³) | 0 | 0 | 0 | — | 0 | |
| | | | CO ₂ emission (t-CO ₂) | 108,353 | 45,969 | 207,473 | — | 361,795 |
| | Atmosphoro | Emission of ozone-depleting substances (ODP-kg) | 21 | 0 | 47 | — | Total – 5,032 – 621 – 4,411 – 3,610 – 3,354 – 2566 – 0 – 361,795 – 688 – 18,397 – 2,883 – 2,799 – 2,604 – 660 – 4,802 – 1,184 – 400 – 70,390 – 70,390 – 4,711 | |
| | Atmosphere | NOx emission (kg) | 7,096 | 9,574 | 1,727 | — | 18,397 | |
| | | SOx emission (kg) | 174 | 192 | 24 | — | 390 | |
| | | Total effluent discharge (1,000 m ³) | 1,247 | 72 | 1,564 | — | 2,883 | |
| ~ | | Public water system (1,000 m ³) | 105 | 2 | 172 | — | - 5,032 - 621 - 3,610 - 3,354 - 256 - 0 - 361,795 - 68 - 18,397 - 2,883 - 2,883 - 2,604 - 660 - 4,802 - 1,184 - 40 - 70,390 - 4,711 | |
| TUC | | Sewage system (1,000 m ³) | 1,142 | 70 | 1,392 | — | | |
| PU | Water and soil environments | BOD (kg) | 112 | 39 | 509 | — | | |
| | | COD (kg) | 3,940 | 126 | 736 | — | 4,802 | |
| | | Nitrogen discharge (kg) | 984 | 0 | 200 | — | 1,184 | |
| | | Phosphorous discharge (kg) | 0 | 0 | 40 | — | 40 | |
| | | Total discharge (tons) | 61,929 | 9,537 | 3,936 | — | 75,402 | |
| | Waste | Recycled (tons) | 59,961 | 6,837 | 3,592 | _ | 70,390 | |
| | | Final landfill waste disposal (tons) | 1,909 | 2,473 | 329 | - | 4,711 | |

Environmental Management Activities

ISO 14001 Certification (80 systems at 131 operational sites, as of March 31, 2012)

■ ISO 14001 Certificates Obtained at Toppan Printing Co., Ltd. and Manufacturing Subsidiaries (within the scope of the environmental targets)

| Operational Site | Registrar | Registration |
|--|-------------------|--------------|
| Shiga Plant (Toppan Electronics Products Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Jul. 1998 |
| Kumamoto Plant (Toppan Electronics Products Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Nov. 1998 |
| Toppan Cosmo, Inc. [Kashiwa Plant and Satte Plant of Toppan Decor Products Inc.] | JQA | Mar. 2000 |
| Niigata Plant (Toppan Electronics Products Co., Ltd.) Niigata Plant (NEC Toppan Circuit Solutions, Inc.) | JQA | Apr. 2000 |
| Toyama Plant [including Manufacturing Department 3 and the Inspection Department] (NEC Toppan Circuit Solutions, Inc.) | JQA | Aug. 2000 |
| Toppan Group Sakado Site | JQA | Oct. 2000 |
| Ranzan Plant (Toppan Communication Products Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Nov. 2000 |
| Akihabara Office (Living Environment Division) | JQA | Mar. 2001 |
| Toppan Group Itabashi Site [including the Azusawa Site of Toppan Joho Kako Co., Ltd.] | JQA | Feb. 2002 |
| Fukusaki Plant (Toppan Packaging Products Co., Ltd.) [including Toppan Packs Co., Ltd. and the Wakayama Plant of Toppan Plastic Co., Ltd.] | JQA | Jul. 2002 |
| Toppan Group Kawaguchi Site | JQA | Aug. 2002 |
| Takino Plants (Information and Communication Division, Living Environment Division) | JQA | Oct. 2002 |
| Nishigaoka Site [including Kawaguchi transport department] (Toppan Logistics Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Oct. 2002 |
| Gunma Plant (Toppan Packaging Products Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Jul. 2003 |
| Asaka Plant (Toppan Printing Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Dec. 2003 |
| Mito Plant (Toppan Prosprint Co., Ltd.) | JSA | Jan. 2004 |
| Saitama Plant, Miyagi Plant, Sano Plant (Ioppan Containers Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Apr. 2004 |
| Chugoku & Shikoku Subdivision [including the Fukuyama Plant of Toppan Joho Kako Co., Ltd. and the Hiroshima Office] | SAI GLOBAL | Oct. 2004 |
| Nishinihon Division [including Ebie Site, Oyodo Plant, TGC Nakanoshima Site] | JQA | Nov. 2004 |
| Higashinihon Division | JQA | Mar. 2005 |
| Koto Plant (Toppan Prosprint Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Mar. 2005 |
| Technical Research Institute | JQA | May 2005 |
| Sapporo Plant, Chitose Plant (Hokkaido Division) | JSA | Jun. 2005 |
| Mie Site (Electronics Division) | JQA | Jan. 2006 |
| Plastic Co., Ltd.) | GLOBAL | Dec. 2006 |
| Service Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Feb. 2007 |
| Sagamihara Plant (Toppan Packaging Products Co., Ltd.) | SAI GLOBAL | Mar. 2007 |
| Saga Plant (Toppan Plastic Co., Ltd.) | SAI GLOBAL | Nov. 2007 |
| Fukuoka Plant (Toppan Packaging Products Co., Ltd.) | SAI GLOBAL | Oct. 2008 |
| Head office, Kanto branch, Kansai branch, Atsugi site (Toppan Techno Co., Ltd.) | SAI GLOBAL | Mar. 2009 |
| Sodegaura Beverage Plant (Toppan Packaging Service Co., Ltd.) | SAI GLOBAL | Apr. 2009 |
| Fukuoka Plant (Toppan Communication Products Co., Ltd.) | SAI GLOBAL | Oct. 2009 |
| Fukaya Plant [including Satte Site] (Toppan Functional Products Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Mar. 2010 |
| Nagoya Plant (Chubu Division of Toppan Printing Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Dec. 2010 |
| Mikkabi Site (Toppan Packs Co., Ltd.) | SAI GLOBAL | Dec. 2010 |
| Toppan Printing Co., Ltd. site (Green Front Sakai) | BUREAU VERITAS | Mar. 2011 |
| Tamana Plant (Toppan Packs Co., Ltd.) | MSA | Mar. 2012 |
| Matsuzaka Plant (Toppan Packaging Products Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Mar. 2012 |

■ ISO 14001 Certificates Obtained at Domestic Subsidiaries (outside the scope of the environmental targets)

| Operational Site (Group Company) | Registrar | Registration Date |
|--|-----------|----------------------|
| Total Media Development Institute Co., Ltd. | JSA | Mar. 2001 |
| Takiyama Plant (Toppan Forms Central Products Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Jun. 2001 |
| Head office, head office plant, Saitama Plant (Livretech Co., Ltd.) | JCQA | Jul. 2001 |
| Fukushima Plant, Takino Plant (Toppan TDK Label Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Nov. 2001 |
| All operational sites [including Tosho Bookbinding Co., Ltd.] (Tosho Printing Co., Ltd.) | JQA | May 2003 |
| Fussa Plant (Toppan Forms Central Products Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Feb. 2004 |
| R&D Center (Toppan Forms Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Mar. 2004 |
| Toppan Forms Tokai Co., Ltd. | JQA | Aug. 2004 |
| Toppan Forms Nishinihon Co., Ltd. | JQA | Jan. 2005 |
| Sagamihara Plant, Kita Plant, Nishi Plant, Nishi Warehouse (Toppan TDK Label Co., Ltd.) | JCQA | Jan. 2005 |
| Head office, Plate-making Center, Kobe Plant, Kyoto Plant (Kansai Tosho Printing Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Jun. 2005 |
| Hino Plant (Toppan Media Printec Tokyo Co., Ltd.) | JSA | Nov. 2005 |
| Kawamoto Plant (Toppan Forms Central Products Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Aug. 2006 |
| Toppan Forms Kansai Co., Ltd. | JQA | Apr. 2007 |
| Ortus Technology Kochi Co., Ltd. | JQA | Feb. 2008 |
| Zama Plant (Toppan Media Printec Tokyo Co., Ltd.) | JACO | Sep. 2009 |
| Toppan Forms (Sanyo) Co., Ltd. | JQA | Oct. 2009 |
| Tokyo Logistics Co., Ltd. | JIA-QA | Aug. 2010 |
| Gunma Plant (Tamapoly Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Feb. 2011 |
| Joto Center (Toppan Forms Central Products Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Sep.2011 |
| Mita Plant (Tamapoly Co., Ltd.) | JQA | Jan. 2012 |

■ ISO 14001 Certificates Obtained at Overseas Subsidiaries (outside the scope of the environmental targets)

| Group Company | Registrar | Registration Date |
|---|-----------|----------------------|
| Toppan Photomasks France SAS | LRQA | Oct. 2000 |
| Toppan Photomasks, Inc. (Santa Clara, Round Rock) | LRQA | Nov. 2001 |
| Siam Toppan Packaging Co., Ltd. | MASCI | Apr. 2002 |
| Toppan Printing Co., (H.K.) Ltd. | DNV | May 2002 |
| Toppan Chunghwa Electronics Co., Ltd. | SGS | Oct. 2003 |
| Toppan Printing Co., (Shenzhen) Ltd. | SSCC | Dec. 2003 |
| Toppan Photomasks Germany GmbH | LRQA | Oct. 2004 |
| Toppan CFI (Taiwan) Co., Ltd. | SGS | Nov. 2004 |
| P.T. Toppan Printing Indonesia | LRQA | Nov. 2004 |
| Toppan Photomasks Co., Ltd. Shanghai Toppan Photomasks Korea Limited | LRQA | Feb. 2005 |
| Toppan SMIC Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. | BSI | Feb. 2007 |
| Toppan Leefung Printing (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. | CCCI | Apr. 2007 |
| Toppan Yau Yue Paper Products (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. | SGS | Nov. 2007 |
| Shanghai Toppan Printing Co., Ltd. | NQA | Jul. 2008 |
| Toppan Yau Yue Paper Products (Dongguan) Co., Ltd. | MIC | Jan. 2009 |
| Toppan Leefung Printing Limited (H.K.) Toppan Leefung Packaging & Printing (Dongguan) Co., Ltd. | CNAS | Mar. 2009 |
| Toppan Excel Printing (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. | CTC | May 2009 |
| Beijing Nippo Printing Co., Ltd. | SGS | Sep. 2009 |
| Toppan Leefung Changcheng Printing (Beijing) Co., Ltd. | ZDHY | Nov. 2009 |
| Toppan Security Printing Pte. Ltd. | TUV | Aug. 2010 |
| Kaohsiung branch of Toppan CFI (Taiwan) Co., Ltd. | SGS | Nov. 2010 |

Mitigating Global Warming

Mitigation of Global Warming through the Development of Energy-saving Measures

| | Main Measure in Fiscal 2011 | Reduction Result (t-CO ₂ /year) | Main Plan for Fiscal 2012 | Reduction Target (t-CO ₂ /year) |
|---------------------------|--|---|---|---|
| Information & Networks | Itabashi: Applied inverter control for pumps Ranzan: Replaced existing boilers with high-efficiency alternatives | -2,603 | Kawaguchi: Introduce a heat pump function in the air-conditioning heat-source equipment Takino: Replace existing chillers with high- efficiency alternatives | -1,663 |
| Living Environment | Fukusaki: Introduced an air to air heat exchanger and a high-efficiency heat exchanger Satte: Switched from absorption chiller/heaters to air-cooled chillers | -3,134 | Matsuzaka: Switch from mercury lamps to LED fluorescent lamps Fukusaki: Introduce air to air heat exchangers and high-efficiency heat exchangers | -4,122 |
| Electronics | Niigata: Introduced high-efficiency pumps Mie: Reduced the discharge pressure of compressors | -7,815 | Shiga: Replace absorption refrigerating machines TNCSi Toyama: Appropriately control the air-supply pressure of boilers | -1,188 |
| Non-production sites | Technical Research Institute: Operated air fans at a low-air-volume setting during non-running hours in clean rooms | -46 | Technical Research Institute: Replace an absorption refrigerating machine at the experiment facility | -105 |
| Total | _ | -13,598 | _ | -7,078 |

Ratios by Energy Type (in terms of caloric value)



Electricity Consumption



Natural Gas Consumption



Fuel Efficiency of Company-owned Vehicles



Kerosene Consumption



Building a Recycling-oriented Society

Promotion of Waste Reduction and Recycling

| | Main Measure in Fiscal 2011 | Reduction Result (tons/year) | Main Plan for Fiscal 2012 | Reduction Target (tons/year) |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Information & Networks | Ebie: Reviewed waste management methods Ranzan: Reviewed and extended waste-oil treatment methods | -442 | Fukuyama: Recycle ink cans Fukuoka: Reduce the discharge of waste liquids by improving condensation rates | -274 |
| Living Environment | Fukusaki: Consolidated Tedlar [®] Film manufacturing operations at a single site (Fukaya Plant) Gunma: Processed incinerated ash for reuse as a raw material for cement | -703 | Gunma: Process incinerated ash for reuse as a raw material for cement Fukusaki: Review separation and treatment methods for alumina deposition products and composite products | -907 |
| Electronics | Shiga: Internally treated waste liquids (ferric chloride) Kumamoto: Internally treated waste liquids (permanganic acid waste liquid) | -693 | TNCSi Toyama: Recycle sludge Mie: Reduce the discharge of waste liquids by improving condensation rates | -539 |
| Non-production sites | Promoted the reduction of non-industrial waste | -275 | Promote the reduction of non-industrial waste | -172 |
| Total | _ | -2,113 | _ | -1,892 |

Note: Includes measures to reduce waste discharge per unit of production value, improve the material recycling rate, reduce final landfill waste disposal, and expand the number of certified zero-emission sites.

Zero-emission Sites (TZERO-11) (52 plants certified in September 2011)

| Operational Site | Total Waste Generation | Waste Recycled in | Recycling Rate in | Average Recycling Rate for Fiscal |
|---|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Techologi Decessi de la cilitata (Techologi Dialitata (Celebral)) | In Fiscal 2010 (tons) | Fiscal 2010 (tons) | FISCAI 2010 (%) | 2009 and 2010 Combined (%) |
| Technical Research Institute (Toppan Printing Co., Ltd.) | 351.3 | 351.3 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Asaka Securities Printing Plant (Ioppan Communication Products Co., Ltd.) | 4,069.6 | 4,036.6 | 99.2% | 99.6% |
| Ranzan Plant (Toppan Communication Products Co., Ltd.) | 745.3 | 744.9 | 99.9% | 100.0% |
| Asaka Plant (Toppan Electronics Products Co., Ltd.) | 387.6 | 387.6 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Shiga Plant (Toppan Electronics Products Co., Ltd.) | 6.516.9 | 6.398.2 | 98.2% | 97.6% |
| Shiga Plant (Toppan TOMOEGAWA Optical Products Co., Ltd.) | -, | -, | | |
| Niigata Plant (NEC Toppan Circuit Solutions, Inc.) | 12,239.6 | 12,239.6 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Mie Plant [Kameyama] (Ioppan Electronics Products Co., Ltd.) | 1,563.4 | 1,563.1 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Mie Plant [Tsu] (Toppan Electronics Products Co., Ltd.) | 3,093.9 | 3,081.2 | 99.6% | 99.8% |
| Kumamoto Plant (Toppan Electronics Products Co., Ltd.) | 4,322.6 | 4,322.6 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Numazu Plant (Toppan Electronics Products Co., Ltd.) | 137.0 | 133.7 | 97.6% | 98.0% |
| Toyama Plant (NEC Toppan Circuit Solutions, Inc.) | 3,103.7 | 3,101.6 | 99.9% | 99.9% |
| Satte Plant (Toppan Functional Products Co., Ltd.) | 660.2 | 660.2 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Itabashi Site | 7,620.0 | 7,569.5 | 99.3% | 99.4% |
| Asaka Site [Commercial Printing, Publications Printing] | | | | |
| (Toppan Communication Products Co., Ltd.) | 7,672.7 | 7,667.5 | 99.9% | 99.9% |
| Asaka Site (Toppan Joho Kako Co., Ltd.) | | | | |
| Sakado Site | 25,585.9 | 25,585.9 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Kawaguchi Site | 39,794.6 | 39,794.1 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Itabashi Plant (Toppan Joho Kako Co., Ltd.) | 20,832.8 | 20,819.5 | 99.9% | 99.9% |
| Sagamihara Plant (Toppan Packaging Products Co., Ltd.) Sagamihara Plant (Toppan Packs Co., Ltd.) | 18,704.6 | 18,704.6 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Saitama Plant (Toppan Containers Co., Ltd.) | 8.640.6 | 8.561.2 | 99.1% | 99.1% |
| Sano Plant (Toppan Containers Co., Ltd.) | 3 690 7 | 3 645 8 | 98.8% | 98.8% |
| Miyagi Plant (Toppan Containers Co. 1 td.) | 3 933 4 | 3,923,0 | 99.7% | 99.6% |
| Kumagaya Site (Toppan Containers Co. Ltd.) | 320.9 | 320.8 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Koshigaya Plant (Toppan Plastic Co. 1 td.) | 471.6 | 470.9 | 90.8% | 99.5% |
| Wakayama Manufacturing Department (Eukusaki Plant of Toppan | 471.0 | +10.5 | 00.070 | 00.070 |
| Plastic Co., Ltd.) | 109.0 | 109.0 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Ranzan Plant (Toppan Packaging Service Co., Ltd.) | 314.7 | 314.6 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Sodegaura Beverage Plant (Toppan Packaging Service Co., 1 td.) | 696.3 | 685.0 | 98.4% | 98.4% |
| Kyushu Plant (Toppan Packaging Service Co., Ltd.) | 146.8 | 146.8 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Kashiwa Plant (Toppan Decor Products Inc.) | 214.6 | 214.6 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Satte Plant (Toppan Decor Products Inc.) | 5 794 2 | 5 794 2 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Itami Plant (Toppan Packaging Products Co., Ltd.) | 8,577.0 | 8 540 0 | 99.6% | 99.5% |
| Eukusaki Plant (Toppan Plastic Co., Ltd.) | 329.6 | 329.6 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Toppan Harima Products Co. 1 td | 544.3 | 544.3 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Takino Plant (Toppan Communication Products Co., Ltd.) | 11 /67 2 | 11 388 / | 90.3% | 90.3% |
| Takino Plant (Toppan Packaging Products Co., Ltd.) | 5.081.5 | 5 078 3 | 00.0% | 00.0% |
| Takino Socurities Printing Plant (Toppan Communication Products Co. 1 td.) | 1 101 5 | 1 181 3 | 00.1% | 00.6% |
| Nagova Plant (Chubu Division) | 5,685,0 | 5,685,0 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Nagoya Flant (Chubu Division) Matauzaka Plant (Tappan Paakaging Products Co., Ltd.) | 2,000.9 | 0,000.9 | 100.0% | 00.0% |
| Mildebi Site (Teppen Packaging Products Co., Ltd.) | 2,907.7 | 2,930.3 | 99.3% | 99.2% |
| Mikkabi Sile (Toppan Packs Co., Ltd.) | 3,043.8 | 3,643.8 | 100.0% | 99.6% |
| Fukuoka Plant (Toppan Packaging Products Co., Ltd.) | 5,585.7 | 5,582.6 | 99.9% | 100.0% |
| Fukuoka Plant (Toppan Communication Products Co., Ltd.) | 5,504.1 | 5,504.1 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Saga Plant (Ioppan Plastic Co., Ltd.) | 226.7 | 226.4 | 99.8% | 99.8% |
| Tamana Plant (Nishinihon Site of Toppan Packs Co., Ltd.) | 4,980.5 | 4,980.5 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Fukuyama Plant (Ioppan Joho Kako Co., Ltd.) | 4,303.5 | 4,261.6 | 99.0% | 99.2% |
| Sendai Plant (Higashinihon Division) | 4,843.9 | 4,757.4 | 98.2% | 98.1% |
| Sapporo Plant (Hokkaido Division) | 2,576.1 | 2,576.1 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Chitose Plant (Hokkaido Division) | 4,946.6 | 4,888.5 | 98.8% | 99.1% |
| Mito Plant (Toppan Prosprint Co., Ltd.) | 4,681.0 | 4,678.1 | 99.9% | 99.9% |
| Koto Plant (Toppan Prosprint Co., Ltd.) | 1,700.1 | 1,695.4 | 99.7% | 99.8% |
| Sansei Printing Ltd. | 40.0 | 40.0 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Toppan office inside Fukuren Co., Ltd. | 95.3 | 95.3 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Fukaya Plant (Toppan Functional Products Co., Ltd.) | 1,091.5 | 1,083.2 | 99.2% | 99.6% |
| Sakai Plant (Toppan Electronics Products Co., Ltd.) | 853.0 | 848.9 | 99.5% | 99.5% |

Note: Two criteria were set for certifying operational sites as zero-emission sites in September 2011. 1) For first-time certification, a site is required to have attained a recycling rate of 98% or over in fiscal 2010. 2) For ongoing certification, a site is required to have attained an average recycling rate of 98% or over for fiscal 2009 and fiscal 2010 combined.

Preventing Pollution / Controlling Chemical Substances

PRTR Results for Fiscal 2011

| PRTR Results for Fiscal 2011 (Unit: | | | | | | (Unit: kg/year) | |
|-------------------------------------|--|-----------|----------|---------------|----------|-----------------|----------------------|
| PRTR No. | Chemical Substance | Handled | Released | 1. Atmosphere | 2. Water | 3. Soil | Total Transferred |
| 20 | 2-aminoethanol | 53,808 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18,947 |
| 30 | Linear alkylbenzenesulfonate and chlorides | 3,081 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 928 |
| 44 | Indium and its compounds | 10,644 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 810 |
| 53 | Ethylbenzene | 26,658 | 3,975 | 3,975 | 0 | 0 | 325 |
| 58 | Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether | 3,208 | 384 | 384 | 0 | 0 | 793 |
| 59 | Ethylenediamine | 6,134 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6,006 |
| 71 | Ferric chloride | 1,663,675 | 6 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 1,418,351 |
| 76 | ε-caprolactam | 2,309 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 272 |
| 80 | Xylene | 60,746 | 5,336 | 5,336 | 0 | 0 | 396 |
| 87 | Chromium and trivalent chromium compounds | 30,042 | 19 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 8,343 |
| 88 | Hexavalent chromium compounds | 19,769 | 7 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 931 |
| 144 | Inorganic cyanide compounds | 3,107 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 106 |
| 151 | 1,3-dioxolane | 28,118 | 3,365 | 3,365 | 0 | 0 | 6,954 |
| 243 | Dioxins (mg-TEQ) | 868 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 860 |
| 272 | Copper salts (water-soluble, except complex salts) | 1,140,779 | 386 | 0 | 386 | 0 | 109,850 |
| 291 | 1,3,5-tris(2, 3-epoxypropyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione | 2,330 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 406 |
| 296 | 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 53,585 | 2,270 | 2,270 | 0 | 0 | 719 |
| 297 | 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene | 7,577 | 2,263 | 2,263 | 0 | 0 | 5,313 |
| 300 | Toluene | 3,577,185 | 319,835 | 319,835 | 0 | 0 | 393,774 |
| 306 | Hexamethylene diacrylate | 1,361 | 1,361 | 1,361 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 308 | Nickel | 50,845 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 795 |
| 309 | Nickel compounds | 23,736 | 52 | 0 | 52 | 0 | 19,629 |
| 392 | n-hexane | 1,552 | 186 | 186 | 0 | 0 | 384 |
| 395 | Water-soluble salts of peroxodisulfuric acid | 271,120 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 405 | Boron and its compounds | 2,886 | 150 | 0 | 150 | 0 | 3 |
| 407 | Poly(oxyethylene)alkyl ether (alkyl C=12-15) | 1,805 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 59 |
| 411 | Formaldehyde | 46,263 | 28 | 28 | 0 | 0 | 211 |
| 412 | Manganese and its compounds | 11,144 | 96 | 0 | 96 | 0 | 3,572 |
| 420 | Methyl methacrylate | 6,705 | 114 | 114 | 0 | 0 | 713 |
| 438 | Methylnaphthalene | 78,989 | 397 | 397 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 448 | Methylenebis(4,1-phenylene) diisocyanate | 13,559 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,037 |
| | Total of designated substances | 7,202,720 | 340,230 | 339,514 | 716 | 0 | 2,001,627 |

Notes:
 Period covered: April 1, 2011–March 31, 2012
 Substances designated: The 31 substances shown above

• Operational sites covered: Sites that handle more than 1.0 ton of Class I designated chemical substances per year. (Or specified Class I designated chemical Substances in excess of 0.5 tons per year.)The total transfer is the sum of transfers into waste and sewage systems.

Ratios of Greenhouse Gas Emissions by Type

99.92

| (in tons of CO ₂ equivalent) | | | (Unit: ratio: | % total: t-CO ₂) | (in tons | |
|---|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------------|----------|-----------|
| | Fiscal Year | CO ₂ | CH ₄ | N ₂ O | Total | Fiscal Ye |
| | 2008 | 99.93 | - | 0.07 | 751,901 | 2008 |
| | 2009 | 99.92 | _ | 0.08 | 715,729 | 2009 |
| | 2010 | 99.93 | _ | 0.07 | 722,724 | 2010 |

0.08

Ratios of Greenhouse Gas Emissions by Source

67

66

tons of CO₂ equivalent) (Unit: ratio: % total: t-CO2) scal Year Electricity Use Total Fuel Use Waste Incineration 2008 66 31 4 751,901 2009 715,729 66 30 4

29

30

4

4

722,724

695,534

| Note | Calculated by the method specified in the Guidelines for Calculating Greenhouse | Gas Emissions from Businesses | (2003) from the Ministry of the | Environment o |
|------|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|
| | Japan. In addition to the total sum of greenhouse gas emissions, Toppan identifies | 10,743 t-CO2 of greenhouse gas | emissions (associated with SF6 | discharged by |
| | Ortus Technology Kochi Co., Ltd. | | | |

2011

695,534

Promoting the Conservation of Biodiversity

ECO-GREEN Purchasing

2011

| Fiscal Year | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Case | 2,753 | 2,634 | 2,703 | 2,825 |
| | | | | |

Note: ECO-GREEN is a toilet paper composed of about 50% used Cartocan paper.

Eco-creativity Activities

List of Environmentally Friendly Products (105 products as of March 2012)

| Business Field | Product | Environmental Point |
|-------------------|---|--|
| T IOIG | Ecothrough card | Suitability for disposal |
| | Paper IC Card | Use of recycled materials |
| Se | Bulky Waste Processing Sticker | Resource-saving (reduced |
| curi | | use of materials) |
| ties | Card for ETC | Suitability for disposal |
| and | Rewritable Paper | Long product life |
| Ca | | Resource-saving |
| rds | | Recyclability |
| | KAMICARD® | Biodegradability, recyclability |
| | KAMI-RFID CARD | disassembly, recyclability |
| | Eco Pack (life-size POP display) | Resource-saving (reduced use of materials) |
| | Paper Desk Calendar | Use of recycled materials |
| | Ecology Calendar | Use of recycled materials |
| Co | Eco POP | Use of recycled materials, suitability for disposal, energy-saving |
| mm | Cerap | Suitability for disposal |
| ierc | Eco Pack Stand | Resource-saving |
| | Eco Pack Multipapel | Beusability |
| rint | Eco Floor Sticker | Suitability for disposal |
| ing | Eco Pack End Panel | Resource-saving |
| | Eco Pack Stand, Round-type | Resource-saving |
| | EPOP | Use of safe materials |
| | Eco Pack Multinanel Mini | Reusability |
| | | Reusability |
| | Recycled vegetable-Oil Jpk | Lise of recycled materials |
| PH | | Easy separation and |
| rinti | Polyurethane Reactive Hot-Melt | disassembly |
| ng | Non-Vinyl Chloride Lenticular Lens | Suitability for disposal |
| S | Disk Tottokun Series | Recyclability |
| | Halogen-free printed wiring board | Suitability for disposal |
| Ē | Anti-reflection film | Use of safe materials |
| octro | Color filter (resin black matrix [BM]) | Use of safe materials |
| onic | Palladium-plated leadframe | Use of safe materials |
| ⁽) | Lead-free solder coated printed wiring board | Use of safe materials |
| | GL Family | Suitability for disposal |
| | Standing pouch for refill | Resource-saving (reduced |
| | | use of materials) Resource-saving (reduced |
| | Bottled Pouch | use of materials) |
| | Plastic Container Made from | Use of recycled materials |
| | | Resource-saving (reduced |
| | Ecogloss (environmentally- friendly gloss finishing) | use of exhaustible materials), use of recycled materials |
| | Recording Media Packaging | Resource-saving (reduced use of exhaustible materials) |
| | TT Paper Can | Easy separation and |
| | | disassembly |
| | Neovert | Use of recycled materials |
| | Ecotainer | Resource-saving (reduced use of exhaustible resources) |
| σ | TL-PAK | Resource-saving (reduced use of exhaustible resources) |
| ackag | EP-PAK (EP-GL) | Resource-saving (reduced energy usage in logistics) |
| ling | EP-PAK (AI) | Resource-saving (reduced energy usage in logistics) |
| | Stand-up Laminated Tube | Resource-saving (reduced use of materials) |
| | Recyclen Cap | Easy separation and disassembly |
| | AP Cartons | Resource-saving (reduced use of energy in logistics) |
| | Micro-Flute | Resource-saving (reduced use of energy in logistics) |
| | TP-Tray | Recyclability |
| | Corrugated Absorber | Recyclability |
| | | Resource-saving (reduced |
| | | use of materials) |
| | Cartocan | Recyclability |
| | Paper Cup Made from Recycled Paper | Use of recycled materials |
| | Cup made from Tree-Free paper | hesource-saving (use of byproducts) |

| Business | | |
|----------|---|--|
| Field | Product | Environmental Point |
| | Biodegradable Package | Biodegradability |
| | Cylindrical Paper Cartridges | Resource-saving (reduced |
| | Coated Barrier Film | Suitability for disposal |
| | GL-C Bottle | Resource-saving |
| | GX film | Resource-saving |
| | Jar Plus | Resource-saving |
| | Trav All | Easy separation and |
| | CL Film Lined Paper Cup | disassembly |
| | Double-Wall Barrier Cup | Resource-saving |
| | Oil-Proof Paper | Use of safe materials |
| | Functional Coated Paper | Recyclability |
| | In-Mold Barrier Cup | Resource-saving |
| | Tamper-Evident Recyclen Cap | Easy separation and |
| | Easy peel-off thermo-cap for PET | Easy separation and |
| | bottles | disassembly |
| | Ecoband | Resource-saving |
| | Water-based Cold Seal | substances |
| | Biodegradable Plant Pot | Biodegradability |
| | Barrier Cup (NSP Process) | Resource-saving |
| | Plastic Clip | Recyclability |
| | Notchless Easy-cut Container (AL type) | Resource-saving (reduced energy expended in manufacturing) |
| | Recycled PET Clear Case | Recyclability |
| | ALUGLAS | Suitability for disposal |
| | Stripping and heat-sensitive label | Easy separation and |
| | Food container made from | |
| | heat-resistant paper | Resource-saving |
| | closure | Resource-saving |
| | One-piece occlusion-preventive plug for TL-PAKs | Resource-saving |
| Pa | Sealed paper tray | Resource-saving |
| ckag | Flexible packaging material using paper | Resource-saving |
| ing | Clear UV-Blocking Film | Suitability for disposal |
| | Injection-molded articles of biomass-plastics | Resource-saving |
| | El -Case | Easy separation and |
| | Oil-proof paper for fluorine-free | disassembly |
| | cardboard | Use of safe materials |
| | Paper cup made from pulp from forest-thinning | Resource-saving |
| | GL-compliant back sheet for | Suitability for disposal, long |
| | solar cells | product life |
| | Paper composite container | Resource-saving, recyclability |
| | Resource-saving Cartocan | |
| | (rectangular type) | Resource-saving, recyclability |
| | low-migration type adhesives | substances, use of safe materials |
| | Delayed-tack label for glass | Easy separation and |
| | Cylindrical paper-complex | Deserving services |
| | container | Resource-saving |
| | High Resistance Flexible Pouch | Resource-saving |
| | Folding Pouch (for refilling) | disassembly |
| | Biomass plastic shrink label | Resource-saving |
| | In-mold Decorated Components | Reduced release of chemical substances |
| | Aluminum-free Dead-fold Lid | Suitability for disposal |
| | Polyolefin GL-C | Resource-saving |
| | Solar cell back sheet | Energy-saving |
| | Special Shaped Pouch with | Easy separation and |
| | Embossing and Laser-cutting Heat-insulating Paper with | disassembly Reduced energy |
| | Foamed Layer | consumption in production |
| | Moisture-barrier standing pouch | Resource-saving, suitability for disposal |
| | Multi-layer blow tube | Reduced solid waste, |
| | Steam Release Packaging (standing | resource-saving Resource-saving, reduced |
| | pouch type, GL specification) | solid waste |

Environmental Accounting

Capital Investment for Environmental Conservation (million yen)

| | Item | Major Content | Fiscal 2011 | Increase/ Decrease from Fiscal 2010 | Total Sum for the Last Five Years |
|-----|--|--|----------------|--|--|
| 1 | Investment in equipment to prevent pollution | Investment in equip- ment to prevent atmospheric and other forms of pollution | 607 | -780 | 4,951 |
| 2 | Investment in equipment to conserve the global environment | Investment in equip- ment to conserve the global environment by mitigating global warming, etc. | 1,000 | 741 | 3,299 |
| 3 | Investment in equipment to circulate resources | Investment in equip- ment to realize the appropriate treatment and recycling, etc. of waste | 577 | -59 | 3,864 |
| 4 | Investment in equipment to carry out management activities | Investment in equip- ment to monitor and measure environmental burdens, plant trees at operational sites, and implement other eco-friendly initiatives | 88 | -117 | 345 |
| Tot | al | | 2,272 | -215 | 12,459 |

Environmental Conservation Benefit

| Item | Major Content | Increase/ Decrease*1 | Fiscal 2011 |
|----------------|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Energy | Total energy consumption (1,000 GJ) | -2,013 | 24,486 |
| Water | Water consumption (1,000 m ³) | -44 | 20,035 |
| | CO ₂ emission (1,000 t-CO ₂) | -85 | 1,200 |
| | Emission of ozone-depleting substances (ODP-t) | 0 | 156 |
| Atmosphere | NOx emission (tons) | -9 | 173 |
| | SOx emission (tons) | -4 | 30 |
| | Emission of dioxins (mg-TEQ) | -67 | 12 |
| Water and soil | Total effluent discharge (1,000 m ³) | -103 | 17,698 |
| environments | BOD (tons) | 3 | 60 |
| | COD (tons) | 8 | 28 |
| Waste | Total discharge (1,000 tons) | 35 | 476 |

*1 Increases and decreases from fiscal 2010

Green Procurement and Green Purchasing

Green Procurement Standards for Paper and Levels of Fulfillment

| | L evel 1 | | Re | sult |
|---|--|--|-------------|-------------|
| | Level I | Level 2 | Fiscal 2010 | Fiscal 2011 |
| 1. Using recycled paper | 100% recycled paper, or more-than-70% recycled paper plus forest-certified paper for the remaining portion | More-than-70% recycled paper, or forest-certified paper, tree-free paper, or paper made with pulp from forest-thinning operations | | |
| 2. Considering the degree of whiteness | About 70% (±4%) for non-coated paper | About 80% (±4%) for non-coated paper | | |
| 3. Considering the volume of coating | Below 12 g/m ² (maximum of 8 g/m ² per single surface) | Below 30 g/m ² (maximum of 17 g/m ² per single surface) | | |
| 4. Using chlorine-gas-free pulp | 100% ECF-bleached pulp (no chlorine gas [Cl ₂] used for bleaching) | | 12.8% | 7.3% |
| 5. Not containing hazardous substances | Non-usage of azo-coloring agent, a substance that could potentially form the amines shown in the attached list | For the amines shown in the attached list, no more than 30 mg per 1 kg of product should be detectable | | |
| 6. Reducing component properties obstructive to waste paper recycling | Non-usage of printing materials with waste paper recyclability rankings of B, C, or D | Non-usage of printing materials with waste paper recyclability rankings of C or D | | |
| Procuring from manufacturers proactively engaged in paper recycling | Procurement from manufacturers who proa for recycled paper | ctively use waste paper as a raw material | | |

Note: Results under the Green Standards for Offset Printing Services (2006 amendment) of the Japan Federation of Printing Industries (JFPI)

Green Procurement Standards for Ink and Levels of Fulfillment

| | Leveld | | Re | sult |
|--|---|---|-------------|-------------|
| | Level | Level 2 | Fiscal 2010 | Fiscal 2011 |
| 1. Avoiding the use of substances harmful to the human body | Conformance with the NL regulations of the Manufacturers | Association of Japan Printing Ink | | |
| 2. Avoiding the use of substances known to generate hazardous substances | Non-usage of chloride-based resins | | | |
| 3. Considering chemical substances designated under the PRTR law | Non-usage of substances designated under the PRTR law | Identification of substances designated under the PRTR law (via MSDSs) | 94.4% | 90.6% |
| 4. Controlling VOC emissions | VOC content below 1% (non-VOC ink) [excluding ink for web press] | VOC content below 15% (low-VOC ink) or soybean oil ink | | |
| 5. Reducing component properties obstructive to waste paper recycling | Non-usage of printing materials with waste paper recyclability rankings of B, C, or D | Non-usage of printing materials with waste paper recyclability rankings of C or D | | |

Note: Results under the Green Standards for Offset Printing Services (2006 amendment) of the Japan Federation of Printing Industries (JFPI). The data for fiscal 2010 and earlier are adjusted based on revised calculation methods.

In-house Green Purchasing Standards and Levels of Fulfillment

| Product | Standard | Result for Fiscal 2011 |
|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Copy machines and printers | Configured to automatically revert to low-power mode or off mode | 100% |
| PCs | Configured to automatically revert to low-power mode or off mode | 100% |
| Stationery and office goods | Products listed in the eco-friendly product catalogues of manufacturers | 78.9% |